

(2)

Unit-II

2. (a) If A is a μ -measurable subset of X and B is a ν -measurable subset of Y , then prove that $A \times B$ is a $\mu \times \nu$ -measurable subset of $X \times Y$.
- (b) Let E be a set in $R_{\sigma\delta}$ with $(\mu \times \nu)(E) < \infty$. Then show that the function g defined by
- $$g(x) = \nu(E_x)$$
- is a measurable function of x and
- $$\int g d\mu = (\mu \times \nu)(E).$$
- (c) Prove that every finite signed Borel measure μ on R^k that is absolutely continuous with respect to the Lebesgue measure λ , is differentiable almost everywhere.

Unit-III

3. (a) Prove that every compact Baire set is a G_δ .
- (b) Let μ be a measure defined on a σ -algebra \mathcal{A} containing the Baire sets. If μ is quasi regular, then prove that for each $E \in \mathcal{A}$ with $\mu(E) < \infty$ there is a Baire set B with
- $$\mu(E \Delta B) = 0$$
- (c) State and prove Riesz-Markoff theorem.

(3)

Unit-IV

4. (a) Let X be a non-zero finite-dimensional linear space of dimension n . If X is complete, then show that it is isomorphic to C^n .
- (b) Show that on a finite dimensional linear space all norms are equivalent.
- (c) Show that a normed linear space X is complete if and only if every absolutely convergent series in X is convergent.

Unit-V

5. (a) Prove that in a normed linear space X , $x_n \xrightarrow{w} x$ if and only if:
- (i) The sequence $\{\|x_n\|\}$ is bounded.
- (ii) For every element f of a total subset $M \subset X^*$, $f(x_n) \rightarrow f(x)$.
- (b) Let X and Y be normed linear spaces and T a linear transformation on X into Y . Then T is continuous either at every point of X or at no point of X . It is continuous on X if and only if there is a constant M such that $\|Tx\| \leq M \cdot \|x\|$ for every x in X .
- (c) Show that the dual space of c_0 is l_1 .



FD-613

M.A/M.Sc. 3rd Semester
Examination, Dec.-Jan., 2021-22

MATHEMATICS

Paper - II

Partial Differential Equations
and Mechanics - I

Time : Three Hours] [*Maximum Marks* : 80

Note : Answer any **two** parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. (a) Solve the partial differential equation
 $p + r + s = 1$

(b) If ϕ is harmonic function in R_1 and

$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial n} = 0$ on R_2 , then ϕ is a constant in

\bar{R} .

DRG_92_(4)

(Turn Over)

(2)

- (c) Find the Green's function for the Dirichlet problem on the rectangle $R_1 : 0 \leq x \leq a, 0 \leq y \leq b$, described by the PDE.

$$(\Delta^2 + \lambda)u = 0 \text{ in } R_1$$

and the BC, $u = 0$ on R_2

Unit-II

2. (a) State and prove Mean value theorem for Harmonic function.
- (b) Derive the one dimensional wave equation.
- (c) Obtain the solution of the heat flow

equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ by the method of separation of variables.

Unit-III

3. (a) State and prove Lagrange's equation of first kind.
- (b) Derive the Hamilton canonical equations.
- (c) Derive Ruth's equation.

(3)

Unit-IV

4. (a) Define Poisson bracket. If $[\phi, \psi]$ be the Poisson bracket of ϕ and ψ , then prove that :

$$(i) \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t}[\phi, \psi] = \left[\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t}, \psi \right] + \left[\phi, \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \right]$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{d}{dt}[\phi, \psi] = \left[\frac{d\phi}{dt}, \psi \right] + \left[\phi, \frac{d\psi}{dt} \right]$$

- (b) Find a curve joining two points along with a particle falling from rest under the influence of gravity travels from higher to the lower point in the minimum time.
- (c) Show that the transformation :

$$P = \frac{1}{2}(p^2 + q^2), \quad Q = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)$$

is canonical.

Unit-V

5. (a) Find the attraction of thin spherical shell of mean M and radius a .

(4)

- (b) Show that the potential of a uniform spherical shell, of small thickness k , density ρ and radius a at an external point-distant c from the centre is

$$\frac{2\pi\gamma k\rho a}{(n+1)(n+3)c} \left[(c+a)^{n+2} - (c-a)^{n+2} \right]$$

- (c) State and prove Gauss' theorem.
-

(2)

(c) Define convexity for a set graphically and show that a Fuzzy set A on R is convex iff

$$A(\lambda x_1 + (1 - \lambda)x_2) \geq \min [A(x_1), A(x_2)].$$

2. (a) Explain extension principle, how it differs from crisp function. Show that $\alpha [f(A)] \geq f(\alpha_A)$. Give a supportive example.

(b) Solve Fuzzy equation $A + X = B$ where

$$A = \frac{.3}{[0,1]} + \frac{.5}{[1,2]} + \frac{.8}{[2,3]} + \frac{.9}{[3,4]} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{.6}{(4,5]} + \frac{.2}{(5,6]}$$

$$B = \frac{.2}{[0,1]} + \frac{.3}{[1,2]} + \frac{.6}{[2,3]} + \frac{.5}{[3,4]} + \frac{.8}{[4,5]} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{.5}{(6,7]} + \frac{.4}{(7,8]} + \frac{.2}{(8,9]} + \frac{.1}{(9,10]}$$

$$(c) A(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < -2 \text{ and } x > 4 \\ \frac{x+2}{3} & \text{for } -2 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \frac{4-x}{3} & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

(3)

$$B(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 1 \text{ and } x > 3 \\ x-1 & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 3-x & \text{for } 2 \leq x \leq 3 \end{cases}$$

Find

MIN $(A, B)(x)$ and MAX $(A, B)(x)$.

3. (a) Define crisp and fuzzy relations. Let $X = \{1, 2, \dots, 10\}$. The cartesian product $(x \times y)$ contains 100 members. Let $R(X, X) = \{(x, y) \mid x \text{ and } y \text{ have the same remainder when divided by } 3\}$. Is R an equivalence relation on X ? Find equivalence classes.

(b) Write a short note on Fuzzy morphisms.

(c) Prove that

(i) $w_i(a, d) \geq b$ iff $i(a, b) \leq d$

(ii) $w_i(\inf a_j, b) \geq \sup w_i(a_j, b)$

4. (a) Let $X = \{1, 2, \dots, 100\}$, $Y = \{50, 51, \dots, 100\}$

$$R(X, Y) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{x}{y} & x \leq y \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(i) What is the domain of R ?

(ii) What is the range of R ?

(iii) Calculate R^{-1}

(4)

- (b) Prove that min join are associative operations on binary fuzzy relations.
- (c) Write a short note on fuzzy compatibility relations.

5. (a) Define the following :

- (i) Total ignorance
- (ii) Fuzzy measure
- (iii) Degree of belief
- (iv) Necessity measure

(b) If $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$, $m_1(a, b) = .2$, $m_1(a, c) = .3$, $m_1(b, d) = .5$, $m_2(a, d) = .2$, $m_2(b, c) = .5$, $m_2(a, b, c) = .3$. Calculate the basic probability assignment.

(c) $F = \frac{.4}{1} + \frac{.7}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{.8}{4} + \frac{.5}{5}$ and $A(x) = 0$ for all $x \notin \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Determine $\text{Nec}(A)$ and $\text{Pos}(A)$.

(2)

(b) Apply the principle of duality to solve the linear programming problem :

$$\text{Maximize } Z_1 = 3x_1 - 2x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to } x_1 + x_2 \leq 5$$

$$x_1 \leq 4$$

$$1 \leq x_2 \leq 6 \text{ and } x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

(c) A Steel company manufactures three products P_1, P_2, P_3 . Each product has to pass through two machines M_1 and M_2 . Each unit of P_1 requires 3 hours of M_1 and 2 hours of M_2 , each unit of P_2 requires 2 hours of M_1 and 5 hours of M_2 ; and each unit of P_3 requires 2 hours of M_1 and 3 hours of M_2 . The machines M_1 and M_2 are available for 30 hours and 40 hours respectively. The profit on each unit of products P_1, P_2 and P_3 is ₹ 4, ₹ 2 and ₹ 3 respectively. If all the manufactured products are sold, formulate the problem as an LPP to maximize the profit.

Unit-II

2. (a) Use Dual Simplex method to solve the following :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = -2x_1 - x_3$$

$$\text{Subject to } x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \geq 5$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3 \geq 8$$

$$\text{and } x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

(3)

(b) Use Big-M method to solve the following :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 - x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to } 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 2$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 3$$

$$x_2 \leq 4 \text{ and } x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

(c) Write the dual of the following L.P. problem :

$$\text{Minimize } Z_1 = 3x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3$$

$$\text{Subject to } 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 4x_3 \geq 7$$

$$6x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 \geq 4$$

$$7x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3 \leq 10$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 \geq 3$$

$$4x_1 + 7x_2 - 2x_3 \geq 2$$

$$\text{and } x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Unit-III

3. (a) For the following L.P.P

$$\text{Minimize } Z = \lambda x_1 - \lambda x_2 - x_3 + x_4$$

$$\text{Subject to } 3x_1 - 3x_2 - x_3 + x_4 \geq 5$$

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 - x_4 \leq 3$$

$$\text{and } x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$$

find the range of λ over which the solution remain basic feasible and optimal.

(4)

- (b) An office equipment manufacturer procures two kinds of products, chairs and lamps. Production of either a chair or a lamp requires 1 hour of production capacity in the plant. The plant has a maximum capacity of 10 hours per week. The gross margin from the sale of a chair is ₹ 80 and ₹ 40 for that of a lamp. Formulate the problem as a goal programming problem if the goal of the firm is to earn a profit of ₹ 800 per week.
- (c) Explain the graphical solution to a general programming problem.

Unit-IV

4. (a) Solve the following transportation problem in which cell entries represent unit costs :

		To			Available
From	2	7	4	5	
	3	3	1	8	
	5	4	7	7	
	1	6	2	14	
Required	7	9	18	34	

(5)

(b) Solve the minimal assignment problem whose effectiveness matrix is given by :

	1	2	3	4
I	2	3	4	5
II	4	5	6	7
III	7	8	9	8
IV	3	5	8	4

(c) Prove that a necessary and sufficient condition for the existence of feasible solution of a transportation problem is

$$\sum a_i = \sum b_j \quad (i = 1, 2, \dots, m, j = 1, \dots, n)$$

Unit-V

5. (a) Define the following :

(i) Merge event

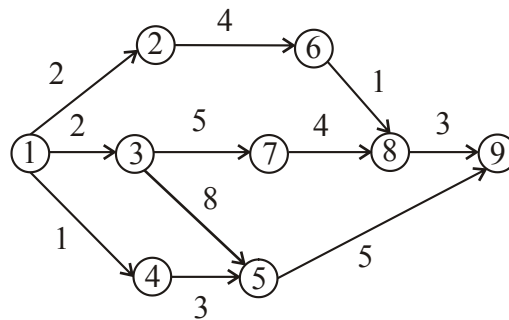
(ii) Burst event

(iii) Total float

(iv) Free float

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- (b) Find the critical path and calculate the slack time for each event for the following PERT diagram :



- (c) A project has the following time schedule :

Activity	Time in weeks
(1-2)	4
(1-3)	1
(2-4)	1
(3-4)	1
(3-5)	6
(4-9)	5
(5-6)	4
(5-7)	8
(6-8)	1
(7-8)	2
(8-9)	1
(8-10)	8
(9-10)	7

(7)

Construct PERT network and compute :

- (i) T_E and T_L for each event
 - (ii) Float for each activity
 - (iii) Critical path and its duration
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FD-620

M.A/M.Sc. 3rd Semester
Examination, Dec.-Jan., 2021-22

MATHEMATICS

Optional (A)

Paper - V

Programming in 'C'
(with ANSI Features - I)

Time : Three Hours] [*Maximum Marks* : 70

Note : Answer any **two** parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) How to format source file ? Explain with example.
- (b) What is Expression ? How to write expression in 'C' language ? Explain with example.
- (c) Explain the anatomy of 'C' function.

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(Turn Over)

(2)

2. (a) What is scalar data type ? How to declare it ? Explain with example.
(b) Explain the explicit conversion casts with example.
(c) What is Pointer ? How to find address of an object ? Explain with example.
3. (a) Explain the break and continue statement with suitable example.
(b) What is infinite loop ? How to control infinite loop in 'C' language ? Explain with example.
(c) Write a programme to check whether a given number is prime number or not.
4. (a) Write a programme to check a given number is even number or odd number using conditional operator.
(b) Explain the increment and decrement operator with suitable example
(c) What is Memory Operator ? Explain with suitable example
5. (a) Write a programme to find an element from array list.

(3)

- (b) Write a programme to addition of two matrix (assume 3×3 matrix).
 - (c) Write a programme to display transpose of matrix (assume 3×3 matrix).
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